

Suwannee County Fire Rescue

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Fire Marshal



Fire Service Water Main / Fire Hydrant Requirements

This document has been created to assist the design professional, the installation contractor and the property owner with the design, installation and acceptance testing of new fire service main systems and the testing, inspection and maintenance of existing fire service main systems and fire hydrants. Although not all inclusive this document provides highlights of the requirements of the Division of Fire Prevention as well as many applicable national and state codes and standards as well as local requirements. This Document should be utilized for all installations of fire service mains, regardless of size and purpose.

Part I: General Information & Definitions

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Part I: General Information & Definitions

All new installations, modifications to existing systems, inspections, testing and maintenance of existing systems, shall be in compliance with the following local laws, codes and reference standards and requirements. (Latest Editions):

Applicable Laws, Codes and Standards:

Florida Fire Prevention Code:

NFPA 24, Standard for the Installation of Private Fire Service Mains and Their Appurtenances

NFPA 25, Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water Based Fire Protection Systems

NFPA 291, Flow Testing and Marking of Hydrants

NFPA 1142, Standard on Water Supplies for Suburban and Rural Fire Fighting

Fire service main system: A system shall include but not be limited to: fire hydrant(s), piping, unions, turns (22.5°, 45°, 90°), reduce pressure zone valves (RPZ), back flow prevention devices, check valves, sectional valves, control valves and pumps.

Fire Sprinkler service main system: A system shall include but is not limited to all piping, check valves, etc. extending from the connection to the water main system (public or private) to the base of the fire sprinkler riser.

Permit required: A permit shall be obtained from Suwannee County Fire Rescue, Division of Fire Prevention through the Building Dept. for the installation, addition, modification or repair to, a fire service main system and fire sprinkler service mains. A permit is not required for annual testing, inspection and maintenance of existing systems.

Part II - Requirements for the Plan Submission and Installation of New Fire Service Main Systems

Submission Requirements: All submissions will be in compliance with the above listed codes, local laws, reference standards and shall include the following:

Suwannee County Fire Rescue, Division of Fire Prevention Permit Application

Property owner authorization affidavit.

One (1) copy of the installers Contractor License

Fee is \$50.00

Two (2) sets of plans, bearing the stamp / seal of a Florida licensed design professional.

Hydraulic calculations shall be provided in a standard worksheet format, i.e. gpm, psi, elevation, pipe length, equivalent pipe length, etc. and include a summery sheet, and graph sheet. All submissions shall bear the stamp / seal of a Florida State licensed design professional.

Manufacturer's documentation for all components of the system, including but not limited to; piping, unions (22.5°, 45°, 90° etc.) valves, RPZ, check valves, etc.

Submissions shall depict **in detail** the method to be used for the installation of all components of the system.

Submissions shall depict the method, **in detail** to be used for joint restraint of all system components, where required i.e. thrust blocking, roding, etc.

Submissions shall include a statement indicating the occupancy hazard classification and the construction classification, indicating required minimum gallon per minute of water flow, as reference in NFPA 1142, required by T.O.B. L.L. 30-26 and approved site plan.

Fire sprinkler service mains shall be submitted prior to, or at the same time as the fire sprinkler system submission (two separate submissions). Please Note: If the service main is denied, the fire sprinkler submission will also be denied automatically. Fire sprinkler submissions without a prior approved fire sprinkler service main will be automatically denied.

Installation Requirements: All installations shall be completed in compliance with the applicable NFPA standards, Florida Fire Prevention Code, Approved site plan requirements, Division of Fire Prevention requirements and the approved permit / plans.

New Hydrant Specs: Hydrants installed in the right of way and/or maintained by Suwannee County must meet the following specifications; AVK Hydrant model number 27N-PHH with an 6 inch barrel with an 5inch storz nozzle and cap and (2) 2 ½ inch hose outlets with NPT thread, drain facility: plugged main valve flange, standard bolts, opening direction-left, lubrication: grease filled, standard upper stem, standard lower stem, inlet configurations: 6 inch, type: FL, operating nut is pentagon, without chains. Body color for county hydrants is Yellow, hose cap: yellow, pumper cap: yellow, bonnet: yellow, lower barrel: standard color, inlet base: standard color.

Hydrants shall be located not more than six feet from the curb and shall be faced to be accessible to fire apparatus.

Hydrants in or adjacent to parking areas shall be provided with marking, curbing, stanchions or bollards to prevent the parking of vehicles within ten feet in any direction.

Hydrants shall be located away from the building a minimum distance of 40ft.

Hydrants shall be connected “upstream” of all fire department connections for fire sprinkler or fire standpipe systems.

A minimum of 36” circumference around the hydrant shall be maintained clear of any obstructions, including but not limited to, plantings, sign posts, bollards, stanchions, etc.

Height of the hydrant(s) in relation to grade, measuring from the horizontal midline of the hydrant pumper connection, a minimum of 18” and a maximum of 36” to final grade / ground shall be maintained a minimum.

All valves serving Back Flow Prevention Device / RPZ shall be electronically monitored or chained.

Acceptance Testing / Inspection Requirements: A Fire Inspector from Suwannee County Fire Rescue, Division of Fire Prevention shall witness the following:

All connections of piping, valves, elbows, tees, and thrust block placement prior to backfilling.

Hydrostatic test of all components of the system, in compliance with NFPA 24 10.10.2.2 - Hydrostatic Test. Hydrostatic testing shall be done prior to back filling unless the contractor acknowledges responsibility for excavation to locate any and all leaks.

Flushing of all components of the fire service mains. Minimum flow rates for flushing shall

comply with NFPA 24, 10.10.2.1.3 Flushing of Piping. ***Flushing shall be conducted prior to making connection to the building and / or fire protection systems, i.e. fire sprinkler systems, fire pumps, etc.***

Operating test: All fire hydrants, valves, etc. shall be operated in compliance with NFPA 24 10.10.2.4 - Operating Test.

Backflow Prevention Assemblies: Shall be tested in compliance with NFPA 24 10.10.25.5 – Backflow Prevention Assemblies.

Flow Testing: A flow test will be conducted by an accepted method and documented.

Installation contractor shall submit an approved version of an Underground Piping Certificate **(fully completed and signed)**

Note: It is the policy of the Division of Fire Prevention that all portions of the acceptance testing be conducted in the presence of a Fire Inspector from this Division. Any and all portions of the system not visually inspected prior to backfilling **WILL** be required to be excavated to expose the portions not previously inspected.

Please Note: It shall be the responsibility of the contractor / property owner to ensure that all necessary precautions are taken to safeguard the property from damage due to excessive water flow, such as, flooding of structures, damage landscaping, etc.

Part III: Fire Hydrant Marking & Identification:

Fire Hydrant Marking:

- Fire hydrants shall be classified according to NFPA 291, Flow testing and marking of hydrants.
- Fire hydrants shall be classified as to the rated capacity of available water flow with a 20 psi residual.
- Fire hydrants shall be classified and color coded in the following manner:

Class	Rated Capacity of:	Color Scheme
AA	1500 gallons per minute or +	*Rust-Oleum Brand High Performance Grade Safety Blue 245474
A	1000 – 1499 gallons per minute	*Rust-Oleum Brand High Performance Grade Safety Green 245476
B	500 – 999 gallons per minute	*Rust-Oleum Brand High Performance Grade Safety Orange 245477
C	Less than 500 gallons per minute	*Rust-Oleum Brand High Performance Grade Safety Red 245478

Adapted from the U.S.F.A. / N. F. A.* or equivalent with permission of the Division of Fire Prevention.

- Color marking shall be applied to the fire hydrant bonnet.
- Remainder of the fire hydrant shall be painted Yellow public hydrants and Red for private hydrants.

Fire Hydrant Identification: All fire hydrants shall be identified and tagged by SCFR.

Part IV: Fire Hydrant / Fire Service Main Fire Hydrant Accessibility:

Obstructions: Posts, fences, vehicles, vegetation, trash, storage and other materials or objects shall not be placed or kept near fire hydrants, in a manner that would prevent fire hydrants from being immediately discernible. The fire department shall not be deterred or hindered from gaining immediate access to fire hydrants.

Clear space around fire hydrants: A minimum of 36" of clear space shall be maintained around the circumference of fire hydrants except as otherwise required or approved by the Fire Marshal.

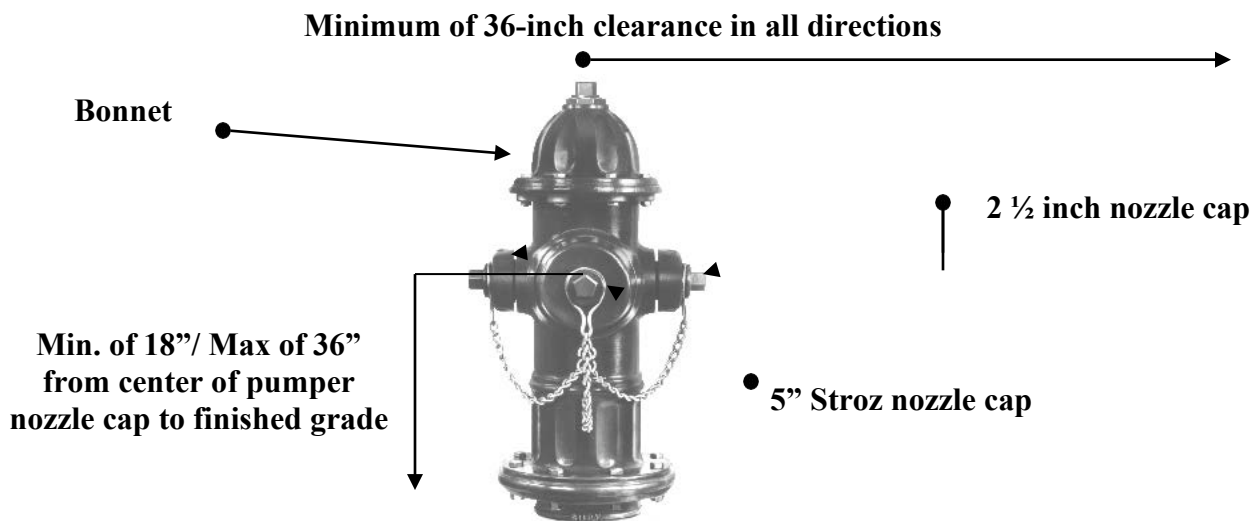
Snow /Ice: Maintain snow / ice clear to allow for access and operation of fire hydrants (Clear space around fire hydrants)

Physical Protection: Where fire hydrants are subject to impact by a motor

vehicle, guard posts or other approved means shall be utilized at the discretion and approval of the Fire Marshal.

Ground Conditions: A level surface shall be maintained to allow access to and operation of fire hydrants. No vegetation / ground cover shall obstruct or cause a trip hazard, while accesses fire hydrants.

Fire Hydrant Height: The center of pumper outlet shall not be less than 18 inches and not more than 36 inch above final grade. (see diagram).



Part V: Obstruction Investigations (Internal Piping):

In cases of a possible internal piping obstruction in any portion (s) of fire protection system piping, the requirements of NFPA 25, Chapter 14 will be adhered to. Documentation as to the cause of the obstruction and the steps taken to clear said obstruction(s) shall be submitted to the SCFR, Division of Fire Prevention.

Part VI: Impairment Notification and Labeling:

Notification: Where any portion of a fire service main system is placed out of service notification shall be made immediately to the local fire department whose area of response is affected by the impairment and within the next business day to the SCFR, Division of Fire Prevention.

Labeling: Fire hydrants place out of service due to deficiencies that cannot be repaired immediately shall be labeled utilizing the following method. Out of Service Rings: black background with white lettering stating “**OUT OF SERVICE**” shall be applied to both 2 ½” hose outlet nozzle connections.